8.2A TITLE IV-E, Adoption Assistance Program, Agreements As of February 2018

Under what circumstances may a title IV-E agency suspend adoption assistance payments?

Answer

Pursuant to long-standing policy, title IV-E agencies were prohibited from suspending adoption assistance payments because a suspension was the equivalent of terminating adoption assistance payments. See ACYF-CB-PIQ-98-02, as incorporated into §8.2 of the Child Welfare Policy Manual (CWPM). Title IV-E agencies advised us that our adoption assistance suspension policy did not allow them the latitude to act when the agency was **unsure** or **doubted** that the parent was continuing to provide support to the child/youth. Consequently, we issued a Request for Comment in the Federal Register, 80 FR 17058 (March 31, 2015) asking agencies and other stakeholders to comment on our adoption assistance suspension policy. **Informed by the comments we received, we have revised our adoption assistance suspension policy to allow title IV-E agencies to suspend adoption assistance payments in accordance with the guidance provided below.**

A title IV-E agency may suspend adoption assistance payments if the agency cannot establish that the adoptive parent is providing <u>any support</u> to the child/youth (including individuals up to age 21 as per an approved title IV-E plan) because the agency <u>has not been able to establish contact with the parent</u> to make such a determination. "Any support" includes various forms of financial support, as determined by the title IV-E agency. Payments for family therapy, tuition, clothing, maintenance of special equipment in the home, or services for the child's special needs are acceptable forms of financial support. See §473(a)(4)(A)(iii) of the Social Security Act (the Act); CWPM, §8.2D.5, Question and Answer #2.

Similarly, a title IV-E agency <u>may suspend adoption assistance payments</u> if the agency cannot <u>establish that the adoptive parent is legally responsible for the support of the child</u> under age 18 because the agency has <u>not been able to establish contact with the parent</u> to make a determination. A parent is considered no longer legally responsible for the support of a child **when parental rights have been terminated or when the child becomes an emancipated minor, marries, or enlists in the military.** See §473(a)(4)(A)(ii) of the Act; the Child Welfare Policy Manual at §8.2D.5, Question and Answer #2.

Note that a title IV-E agency <u>cannot</u> reduce or suspend adoption assistance solely because the adoptive parents fail to reply to the agency's request for

information, renewal, or recertification of the adoption assistance agreement.

A title IV-E agency only may suspend adoption assistance payments in accordance with the fair hearing requirements at 45 C.F.R. §205.10. Before suspending a payment, the title IV-E agency **must** ensure that notice to the adoptive parents is both timely and adequate, as described at 45 C.F.R. § 205.10(a)(4). As such, the title IV-E agency **must mail notice of intent to suspend the adoption assistance payments at least ten days before the agency plans to suspend the payments**. It also must describe that the agency intends to suspend payments, the reasons for the intended suspension and the title IV-E basis as outlined above for the intended suspension. Finally, the agency must describe the adoptive parent's right to request a fair hearing and the circumstances under which assistance is continued if a hearing is requested.

In order to be able to suspend adoption assistance payments in accordance with the guidance above, the title IV-E agency <u>must first amend its title IV-E plan and have the Children's Bureau approve the change.</u> Note also that each new adoption assistance agreement must include the circumstances under which the title IV-E agency may suspend adoption assistance payments. <u>Similarly, the title IV-E agency may try to re-negotiate existing adoption assistance agreements with the adoptive parent to include the circumstances under which the title IV-E agency may suspend payments; however, the terms of an existing adoption assistance agreement only may be changed with the concurrence of the adoptive parent. If an adoptive parent declines to include such a term in the existing agreement, the title IV-E agency may not suspend adoption assistance payments under that agreement.</u>

If the title IV-E agency suspends adoption assistance as described above, <u>the child/youth remains title IV-E eligible</u>, and <u>the title IV-E adoption assistance agreement remains in effect while the payment is suspended.</u>

Although an agency may suspend a child's adoption assistance payment under the circumstances described above, the child's eligibility for, and receipt of, **Medicaid may not be suspended while the adoption assistance agreement is in effect. See §473(b) of the S**ocial Security Act. The title IV-E agency also may claim any title IV-E adoption assistance administrative costs on behalf of a child whose title IV-E adoption assistance is suspended in accordance with its approved cost allocation plan.

Source/Date

02/14/2018 Legal and Related References

Social Security Act, section 473(a)(4)(A) and (B); 45 CFR 205.10